properly be addressed in a hearing under this part.

[61 FR 65468, Dec. 13, 1996]

§498.203 Rights of parties.

- (a) Except as otherwise limited by this part, all parties may:
- (1) Be accompanied, represented, and advised by an attorney;
- (2) Participate in any conference held by the ALJ;
- (3) Conduct discovery of documents as permitted by this part;
- (4) Agree to stipulations of fact or law which will be made part of the record:
- (5) Present evidence relevant to the issues at the hearing;
- (6) Present and cross-examine witnesses;
- (7) Present oral arguments at the hearing as permitted by the ALJ; and
- (8) Submit written briefs and proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law after the hearing.
- (b) Fees for any services performed on behalf of a party by an attorney are not subject to the provisions of section 206 of title II of the Social Security Act, which authorizes the Commissioner to specify or limit these fees.

[61 FR 65469, Dec. 13, 1996]

§498.204 Authority of the administrative law judge.

- (a) The ALJ will conduct a fair and impartial hearing, avoid delay, maintain order and assure that a record of the proceeding is made.
 - (b) The ALJ has the authority to:
- (1) Set and change the date, time, and place of the hearing upon reasonable notice to the parties;
- (2) Continue or recess the hearing in whole or in part for a reasonable period of time;
- (3) Hold conferences to identify or simplify the issues, or to consider other matters that may aid in the expeditious disposition of the proceeding;
- (4) Administer oaths and affirmations;
- (5) Issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses at hearings and the production of documents at or in relation to hearings;
- (6) Rule on motions and other procedural matters;

- (7) Regulate the scope and timing of documentary discovery as permitted by this part;
- (8) Regulate the course of the hearing and the conduct of representatives, parties, and witnesses;
 - Examine witnesses;
- (10) Receive, exclude, or limit evidence;
 - (11) Take official notice of facts;
- (12) Upon motion of a party, decide cases, in whole or in part, by summary judgment where there is no disputed issue of material fact; and
- (13) Conduct any conference or argument in person, or by telephone upon agreement of the parties.
- (c) The ALJ does not have the authority to:
- (1) Find invalid or refuse to follow Federal statutes or regulations, or delegations of authority from the Commissioner:
- (2) Enter an order in the nature of a directed verdict;
 - (3) Compel settlement negotiations;
- (4) Enjoin any act of the Commissioner or the Inspector General; or
- (5) Review the exercise of discretion by the Office of the Inspector General to seek to impose a civil monetary penalty or assessment under §§ 498.100 through 498.132.

[61 FR 65469, Dec. 13, 1996]

§ 498.205 Ex parte contacts.

No party or person (except employees of the ALJ's office) will communicate in any way with the ALJ on any matter at issue in a case, unless on notice and opportunity for all parties to participate. This provision does not prohibit a person or party from inquiring about the status of a case or asking routine questions concerning administrative functions or procedures.

[61 FR 65469, Dec. 13, 1996]

§498.206 Prehearing conferences.

- (a) The ALJ will schedule at least one prehearing conference, and may schedule additional prehearing conferences as appropriate, upon reasonable notice to the parties.
- (b) The ALJ may use prehearing conferences to address the following:
- (1) Simplification of the issues;